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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/599,113	09/20/2006	Eric Jonsen	US040147US	1777
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			BEHRINGER, LUTHER G	
Briarcliff Manor, NY 10510-8001			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/599,113 JONSEN ET AL. Office Action Summary Art Unit Examiner LUTHER G. BEHRINGER 3766 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 April 2009. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-7.9-16.18-21 and 23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 9-16,18-21 and 23 is/are allowed.

2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage

application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

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DETAILED ACTION

 This office action is in response to the communication received on 04/16/2009 concerning application no. 10/599113 filed on 09/20/2006.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/16/2009 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claim(s) 1 – 7 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Objections

 Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: The spelling of the word "dessication" appears incorrect.

Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102 / 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

 Claim(s) 1 – 3, 6, 7, 18 – 20 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over **Heath (US 4,419,998)** (cited in a prior action).

With regard to **claim 1**, Heath discloses an electrode comprising: an electrode body having a first and second side, wherein the first side comprises a flexible, non-conductive moisture barrier layer, *foam base* **67**, comprising a heat-sealable material and the second side comprises a conductive layer, **71**; an electrically conductive gel layer, **75**, disposed on the electrode body and which is further in electrical communication with the conductive layer, the periphery of the heat-sealable moisture barrier layer extending beyond the periphery of the gel layer; and a rigid non-conductive release liner, **83**, to which the flexible moisture barrier layer is heat-sealed around the periphery of said gel layer to form a vapor, air, and/or moisture-proof enclosure of the gel layer so that the electrode may be stored in a desiccation-retarding condition without the need for storing the electrode in a separate desiccation-retarding pouch or envelope (Fig. 4; Col. 15, II. 9 – 18).

Applicant is reminded of the federal circuit decisions applied to product-byprocess claims. "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by
the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The
patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in

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the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) In the instant case, specifying the sealing mechanism as a heat seal renders this claim a product-by-process claim.

7. Heath discloses the claimed invention except for heat sealing the release liner to the flexible non-conducting moisture barrier. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize heat sealing to achieve predictable results since the examiner takes Official Notice of the equivalence of an adhesive hermetic seal and a heat sealed moisture barrier for their use in the defibrillator electrode art and the selection of any of these known equivalents to prevent the desiccation of the electrolytic gel within the defibrillator electrode would be within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

Regarding claim 2, Heath discloses wherein the heat-sealable material comprises a thermoplastic polymeric material, thin, rigid, transparent plastic (Col. 15, II. 9 – 18).

With regard to **claim(s) 3 and 20**, Heath discloses wherein the flexible barrier layer further comprises a vapor or air barrier material comprising a polymeric film or sheet, a foil material, or a coated substrate comprising a metal, textile, paper, or non-woven material coated with a polymeric material, *plastic* (Col. 15, II. 9 – 18).

Regarding claim(s) 6 and 19, Heath discloses wherein the conductive layer comprises a metal sheet or foil, a conductive ink, or a laminate comprising a metal component disposed over a polymeric substrate (Col. 6, II. 20 – 25).

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With regard to claim(s) 7 and 23, Heath discloses wherein the electrode further comprises a lead wire, 43, that is connected to the flexible barrier layer of the electrode and which electrically connects the electrode to a medical device (Fig. 4).

Regarding claim 18, Heath discloses all of the limitations of claim 18 as disclosed in claim 1 and in addition discloses a lead wire, 43, electrically coupled to each electrode body by means of a path that does not disrupt the moisture integrity of the release liner seal (Fig. 4) but fails to disclose the second electrode body.

- 8. Heath discloses the claimed invention except for second electrode body. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide for a second electrode, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8.
- Claim(s) 4, 5 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heath (US 4,419,998) in view of Keusch et al. (US 4,989,607, herein Keusch) (cited in a prior action).

With regard to claim 4, Heath fails to disclose wherein the flexible barrier layer further comprises a vapor or air barrier material comprising a fluoropolymer film.

However, Keusch teaches wherein the flexible barrier layer further comprises a vapor or air barrier material comprising a fluoropolymer film (Col. 13, II. 46 – 49).

10. A person of ordinary skill in the art, upon reading the reference, would have recognized the desirability of using a material to create a vapor or air barrier to achieve sterility. Thus, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at

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the time of the invention to modify Heath to include the vapor or air barrier as taught by Keusch, since maintaining a sterile medical device aids in the prevention of transmission of disease.

11. Keusch discloses the claimed invention except for the fluoropolymer film. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a fluoropolymer, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Regarding claim(s) 5 and 21, Heath in view of Keusch discloses wherein the flexible barrier layer comprises a laminate comprising a first layer of a heat-sealable layer comprising polyethylene disposed over a second layer of a vapor barrier comprising a fluoropolymer film (Keusch: Col. 13, II. 46 – 49).

Allowable Subject Matter

- 12. Claim(s) 9 16 are allowed.
- 13. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: Walters (US 5,916,244), Keusch et al. (US 4,989,607), Heath (US 4,419,998) Olson et al. (US 5,817,151), and Shepard (US 3,556,105) all fail to disclose, solely or in combination, the following patentable limitations:
 - Disposing a pair of electrodes on the opposite sides of a rigid release liner
 - Embedding a conductive path within the rigid release liner to allow continuity testing of stored electrodes

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LUTHER G. BEHRINGER whose telephone number is (571)270-3868. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Thurs 9:00 - 6:30; 2nd Friday 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl Layno can be reached on (571) 272-4949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Carl H. Layno/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3766 /Luther G Behringer/ Examiner, Art Unit 3766